

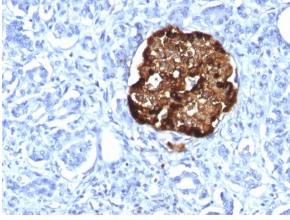
Anti-Chromogranin A Antibody [CHGA/1815R] (A248208)

Specifications:

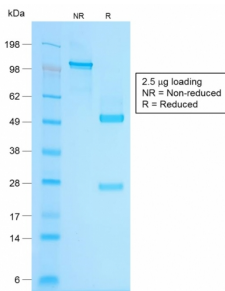
Name:	Anti-Chromogranin A Antibody [CHGA/1815R]
Description:	Recombinant rabbit monoclonal [CHGA/1815R] antibody to Chromogranin A.
Applications:	IHC-P
Recommended Dilutions:	IHC-P: 1-2 µg/ml
Reactivity:	Human
Cross Reactivity:	This antibody does not cross react with Rat.
Immunogen:	Recombinant full-length human Chromogranin A protein.
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Clone ID:	CHGA/1815R
Isotype:	IgG
Conjugate:	Unconjugated
Purification:	Protein A/G chromatography.
Concentration:	200 µg/ml
Product Form:	Liquid
Formulation:	Supplied in 10mM Phosphate Buffered Saline with 0.05% BSA and 0.05% Sodium Azide.
Storage:	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
General Notes:	This monoclonal antibody is also available in a different formulation without BSA and Sodium Azide - Anti-Chromogranin A Antibody [CHGA/1815R] - BSA and Azide free (A251391).
Disclaimer:	This product is for research use only. It is not intended for diagnostic or therapeutic use.

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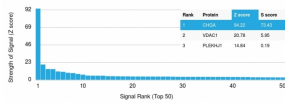
Images:



Immunohistochemical analysis of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human pancreas using Anti-Chromogranin A Antibody [CHGA/1815R].



SDS-PAGE analysis of Anti-Chromogranin A Antibody [CHGA/1815R] under non-reduced and reduced conditions; showing intact IgG and intact heavy and light chains, respectively. SDS-PAGE analysis confirms the integrity and purity of the antibody.



Analysis of protein array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using Anti-Chromogranin A Antibody [CHGA/1815R]. Z-Score and S-Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (MAb) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt™ array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProt™ are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a MAb to its intended target; a MAb is considered to be specific to its intended target, if the MAb has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a MAb binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that MAb to protein X is equal to 29.