

Anti-Prohibitin Antibody [PHB/3227] (A249629)

Specifications:

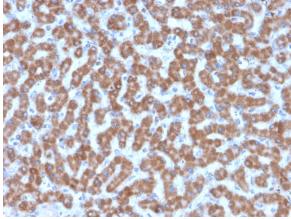
Name:	Anti-Prohibitin Antibody [PHB/3227]
Description:	Mouse monoclonal [PHB/3227] antibody to Prohibitin.
Specificity:	This antibody recognizes a protein of 30kDa which is identified as Prohibitin, an evolutionarily conserved protein with homologues found in yeast to man. It is located in the inner membrane of mitochondria. Although prohibitin mRNA and protein expression occurs throughout the cell cycle, maximum levels are detected during the G1/S phase transition and minimum levels are seen in S phase and the G2/mitosis boundary. Prohibitin is located exclusively in the mitochondria with the highest concentration on the inner membrane. Prohibitin is an ideal mitochondrial marker. It shows antiproliferative activity and has been proposed to play a role in normal cell cycle regulation, replicative senescence, cellular immortalization, and tumor suppression.
Applications:	WB, IHC-P
Recommended Dilutions:	WB: 1-2 µg/ml, IHC-P: 1-2 µg/ml
Reactivity:	Human
Immunogen:	Recombinant fragment, around amino acids 167-261, of human PHB protein. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Clone ID:	PHB/3227
Isotype:	IgG2a
Light Chains:	kappa
Conjugate:	Unconjugated
Purification:	Protein A/G chromatography.
Concentration:	200 µg/ml
Product Form:	Liquid
Formulation:	Supplied in 10mM Phosphate Buffered Saline with 0.05% BSA and 0.05% Sodium Azide.
Storage:	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
General Notes:	This monoclonal antibody is also available in a different formulation without BSA and Sodium Azide - Anti-Prohibitin Antibody [PHB/3227] - BSA and Azide free (A252809).

Anti-Prohibitin Antibody [PHB/3227] (A249629)

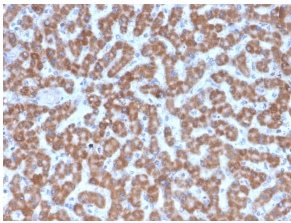
Specifications continued:

Disclaimer: This product is for research use only. It is not intended for diagnostic or therapeutic use.

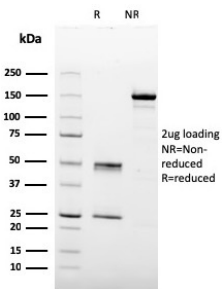
Images:



Immunohistochemical analysis of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human liver using Anti-Prohibitin Antibody [PHB/3227].



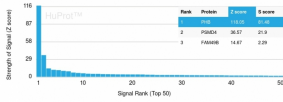
Immunohistochemical analysis of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human liver using Anti-Prohibitin Antibody [PHB/3227].



SDS-PAGE analysis of Anti-Prohibitin Antibody [PHB/3227] under non-reduced and reduced conditions; showing intact IgG and intact heavy and light chains, respectively. SDS-PAGE analysis confirms the integrity and purity of the antibody.

Anti-Prohibitin Antibody [PHB/3227] (A249629)

Images continued:



Analysis of protein array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using Anti-Prohibitin Antibody [PHB/3227]. Z-Score and S- Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (MAb) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt™ array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProt™ are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a MAb to its intended target; a MAb is considered to be specific to its intended target, if the MAb has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a MAb binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that MAb to protein X is equal to 29.