

Synthetic Nanodisc Human Somatostatin Receptor 2 Protein (A318484)

Specifications:

Name: Synthetic Nanodisc Human Somatostatin Receptor 2 Protein

Description: Synthetic nanodiscs offer a stable and biologically relevant environment that closely mimics

cell membranes and enables full-length transmembrane human Somatostatin Receptor 2

protein to be purified and analysed in vitro.

Applications: ELISA, SDS-PAGE

Expression System: HEK293 cells

Nature: Synthetic

Protein Species: Human

Protein Length: Full length protein.

Molecular Weight: Full length human Somatostatin Receptor 2 protein has a MW of 41.2 kDa.

Conjugate: Unconjugated

Product Form: Lyophilized

Concentration: Reconstitution dependent.

Formulation: Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, pH 8.0).

Normally 5%-8% Trehalose is added as a protectant before lyophilization.

Storage: Shipped at 4°C. Lyophilized: Store at -20°C to -80°C. Reconstituted: Aliquot and store at

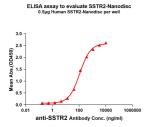
-80°C. Product is stable for one year. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Disclaimer: This product is for research use only. It is not intended for diagnostic or therapeutic use.

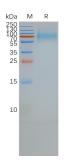


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Images:



ELISA plates were added with His/Flag Tag Synthetic Nanodisc Human Somatostatin Receptor 2 Protein (A318484) (0.5 μ g/per well) on an Anti-Flag Tag Antibody pre-coated (0.5 μ g/per well) plate. Serial diluted Anti-Somatostatin Receptor 2 Humanized Antibody [Tidutamab Biosimilar] - Azide free (A318843) solutions were added, washed, and incubated with secondary antibody before ELISA reading. From above data, the EC50 for Anti-Somatostatin Receptor 2 Humanized Antibody [Tidutamab Biosimilar] - Azide free (A318843) binding with Synthetic Nanodisc Human Somatostatin Receptor 2 Protein (A318484) is 113.2 μ g/ml.



Synthetic Nanodisc Human Somatostatin Receptor 2 Protein (A318484) on SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

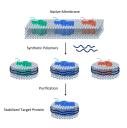


Diagram showing how synthetic nanodiscs containing full-length multi-pass transmembrane proteins in a phospholipid bilayer are generated from native cell membranes.