

Anti-Lactoferrin Antibody [LTF/4073] (A277694)

Specifications:

Name: Anti-Lactoferrin Antibody [LTF/4073]

Description: Mouse monoclonal [LTF/4073] antibody to Lactoferrin.

Specificity: Ferritin and transferrins manage necessary iron-binding functions for iron metabolism.

Transferrins comprise a class of single-chain, two-sited, metal-binding proteins expressed throughout the fluid and cells of vertebrates. The three major types of transferrin include serotransferrin, lactotransferrin (lactoferrin) and ovotransferrin. Lactoferrin is found in milk, tears and leukocytes. It degrades an IgA1protease secreted by Haemophilus influenzae and, consequently, allows the human IgA1antibody to effectively abolish Haemophilus

influenzae colonization. Lactoferrin also attenuates the pathogenic potential of

Haemophilus influenzae by proteolytic degradation of the Hap adhesin. While lactoferrin

may aid in the transmission of human T cell leukemiavirus type 1, it inhibits HIV-1

replication at the level of viral fusion and entry into cells. The inhibitory effects of lactoferrin on mixed lymphocyte reactions suggest that it may have the ability to sense the activation

status of lymphocytes.

Applications: Flow Cytometry, IF, IHC-P

Recommended Dilutions: Flow Cytometry: 1-2 μg/million cells, IF: 1-2 μg/ml, IHC-P: 1-2 μg/ml

Reactivity: Human

Immunogen: Recombinant fragment, around amino acids 614-645, of human Lactoferrin protein. The

exact sequence is proprietary.

Host: Mouse

Clonality: Monoclonal

Clone ID: LTF/4073

Isotype: IgG2a

Light Chains: kappa

Conjugate: Unconjugated

Purification: Protein A/G chromatography.

Concentration: 200 μg/ml

Product Form: Liquid

Formulation: Supplied in 10mM Phosphate Buffered Saline with 0.05% BSA and 0.05% Sodium Azide.

Storage: Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.



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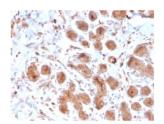
Specifications continued:

General Notes: This monoclonal antibody is also available in a different formulation without BSA and Sodium Azide - Anti-Lactoferrin Antibody [LTF/4073] - BSA and Azide free (A278282).

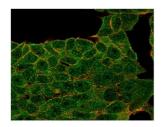
This product is for research use only. It is not intended for diagnostic or therapeutic use.

Images:

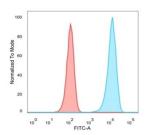
Disclaimer:



Immunohistochemical analysis of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human breast tissue using Anti-Lactoferrin Antibody [LTF/4073].



Immunofluorescent analysis of PFA-fixed MCF-7 cells stained with Anti-Lactoferrin Antibody [LTF/4073] followed by Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (CF® 488) (Green). CF® 640A Phalloidin (Red).



Flow cytometric analysis of PFA-fixed MCF-7 cells using Anti-Lactoferrin Antibody [LTF/4073] followed by Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (CF® 488) (Blue). Isotype Control (Red).



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Images continued:



Analysis of protein array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using Anti-Lactoferrin Antibody [LTF/4073]. Z-Score and S- Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (MAb) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-lgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProtTM array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProtTM are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a MAb to its intended target; a MAb is considered to be specific to its intended target, if the MAb has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a MAb binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that MAb to protein X is equal to 29.